

Application and Reasoning

Step 1: Recognising the Present Perfect Form in Sentences

National Curriculum Objectives:

English Year 3: (3G4.1b) [Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past \[for example, He has gone out to play contrasted with He went out to play\]](#)

English Year 3: (3G4.1b) [Using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense](#)

Differentiation:

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Reasoning)

Developing Explain which sentence is incorrect and why. Using vocabulary taken from KS1 statutory spelling lists.

Expected Explain which sentence is incorrect and why. Using sentences with vocabulary taken from Year 3/4 statutory spelling lists.

Greater Depth Explain which sentence is incorrect and why. Using vocabulary taken from Year 3/4 statutory spelling lists and some irregular verbs.

Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Application)

Developing Use the word bank to complete and create perfect present form sentences. Using vocabulary taken from KS1 statutory spelling lists.

Expected Use the word bank to complete and create a perfect present form sentence. Using sentences with vocabulary taken from Year 3 statutory spelling lists.

Greater Depth Use the word bank to complete and create a perfect present form sentence. Using vocabulary taken from Year 3/4 statutory spelling lists and some irregular verbs.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Reasoning)

Developing Determine if the sentences are written in simple past or present perfect and explain your reasoning. Using sentences with vocabulary taken from KS1 statutory spelling lists.

Expected Determine if the sentences are written in simple past or present perfect and explain your reasoning. Using sentences with vocabulary taken from Year 3/4 statutory spelling lists.

Greater Depth Determine if the sentences are written in simple past or present perfect and explain your reasoning. Using sentences with vocabulary taken from Year 3/4 statutory spelling lists and some irregular verbs.

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Recognising the Present Perfect Form in Sentences

Recognising the Present Perfect Form in Sentences

1a. Circle the sentence that is not in present perfect form and explain why it is wrong.

A. She has asked for a pen.

B. They moved house.

C. I have pulled the rope.



R

1b. Circle the sentence that is not in present perfect form and explain why it is wrong.

A. We climbed the stairs.

B. He has pushed the car.

C. Max has passed the ball.



R

2a. Complete the present perfect form sentences using the word bank below. The words can only be used once.

A. I _____ washed the car today.

B. He _____ gone to work.

have

will

hasn't



A

2b. Complete the present perfect form sentences using the word bank below. The words can only be used once.

A. Millie _____ walked across the road.

B. They _____ looked at the car.

have

has

was



A

3a. Grace has completed the table below.

	Simple past	Present perfect
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A. I have walked home.

B. I improved my work.

C. They have pushed in.

D. He has moved desks.

Has she completed the table correctly?
Explain your reasoning.



R

3b. Harris has completed the table below.

	Simple past	Present perfect
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A. I stopped running.

B. Theo has moved.

C. She has asked me.

D. We have stopped.

Has he completed the table correctly?
Explain your reasoning.



R

Recognising the Present Perfect Form in Sentences

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4a. Circle the sentence that is not in present perfect form and explain why it is wrong.

A. I appeared at the door.

B. He has completed the quiz.

C. She has decided to continue her game.



R

4b. Circle the sentence that is not in present perfect form and explain why it is wrong.

A. She has described the man.

B. We have remembered the way.

C. Emily answered the question.



R

5a. Complete the present perfect form sentences using the word bank below. The words can only be used once.

A. Flynn _____ taken pictures of various animals in the woodlands.

B. I _____ increased the time of exercise I do everyday.

have

has

was



A

5b. Complete the present perfect form sentences using the word bank below. The words can only be used once.

A. Julie _____ arrived on time for her birthday surprise.

B. The women _____ been separated from their guide.

wasn't

has

have



A

6a. Sam has completed the table below.

	Simple past	Present perfect
A. He has continued.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
B. I have remembered.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
C. They answered him.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
D. Cal has heard noises.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Has he completed the table correctly?
Explain your reasoning.



R

6b. Farah has completed the table below.

	Simple past	Present perfect
A. It increased in size.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
B. Eve has exercised.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
C. I have decided.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
D. We promised him.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Has she completed the table correctly?
Explain your reasoning.



R

Recognising the Present Perfect Form in Sentences

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7a. Circle the sentence that is not in present perfect form and explain why it is wrong.

A. He has thrown the chair.

B. They has bought a bicycle.

C. Uma has noticed a crack in the ceiling.



R

7b. Circle the sentence that is not in present perfect form and explain why it is wrong.

A. I have guided you this far.

B. Sam disappeared from sight.

C. She has mentioned the great adventure.



R

8a. Complete the present perfect form sentences using the word bank below. The words can be used more than once.

A. Wendy _____ been naughty, as she _____ drawn on the wall and for that reason she was scolded by her parents.

B. The workers _____ successfully built a new shopping mall in the city despite facing difficulty during the construction.

have

won't

has



A

8b. Complete the present perfect form sentences using the word bank below. The words can be used more than once.

A. The twins _____ chosen to study medicine at university even though they were accepted on the law course.

B. Claire _____ rung the business to enquire about the items she _____ been mistakenly charged for.

have

was

have



A

9a. Kaleem has completed the table below.

	Simple past	Present perfect
A. They have imagined.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
B. He has mentioned it.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
C. I broke the pen.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
D. Ty has disappeared.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Has he completed the table correctly? Explain your reasoning.



R

9b. Betty has completed the table below.

	Simple past	Present perfect
A. Iris guarded the door.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
B. We have brought it.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
C. She has guided us.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
D. I have separated.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Has she completed the table correctly? Explain your reasoning.



R

Application and Reasoning Recognising the Present Perfect Form in Sentences

Developing

1a. B is incorrect because they have not used an auxiliary verb. The present perfect form would be 'They have moved house.'

2a. A: have; B: hasn't

3a. No, she has not completed the table correctly because D is a present perfect sentence.

Expected

4a. A is incorrect because they have not used an auxiliary verb. The present perfect form would be 'I have appeared at the door.'

5a. A: has; B: have

6a. No, he has not completed the table correctly because A is a present perfect sentence.

Greater Depth

7a. B is incorrect because they have used the word has instead of have. The correct sentence should be 'They have bought a bicycle'.

8a. A: has and has; B: have

9a. No, he has not completed the table correctly because A and D are present perfect sentences.

Application and Reasoning Recognising the Present Perfect Form in Sentences

Developing

1b. A is incorrect because they have not used an auxiliary verb. The present perfect form would be 'We have climbed the stairs.'

2b. A: has; B: have

3b. No, he has not completed the table correctly because B is a present perfect sentence.

Expected

4b. C is incorrect because they have not used an auxiliary verb. The present perfect form would be 'Emily has answered the question.'

5b. A: has; B: have

6b. No, she has not completed the table correctly because C is a present perfect sentence.

Greater Depth

7b. B is incorrect because they have not used an auxiliary verb. The present perfect form would be 'Sam has disappeared from sight.'

8b. A: have; B: has and has

9b. No, she has not completed the table correctly because C and D are present perfect sentences.