## Reasoning and Problem Solving <br> Step 1: What is Volume?

## National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 5: (5M8) Estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm 3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]

## Differentiation:


#### Abstract

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Reasoning) Developing Count the cubes in cuboids to find a total volume which equals the volume of the container. Cuboids will be no greater than $12 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. Expected Count the cubes in cuboids to find a total volume which equals the volume of the container. Cuboids will be no greater than $24 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. Greater Depth Count the cubes in the compound 3D shapes to find a total volume which equals the volume of the container. Compound 3D shapes will be no greater than $24 \mathrm{~cm}^{\mathbf{3}}$.


Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Problem Solving)
Developing Explain which is the odd one out by matching two cubes/cuboids to three possible volumes of up to $12 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
Expected Explain which is the odd one out by matching three cubes/cuboids to four possible volumes of up to $24 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
Greater Depth Explain which is the odd one out by matching four compound 3D shapes to five possible volumes.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Reasoning)
Developing Explain if a statement describing the volume of cuboids is correct, using cuboids of no more than $12 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
Expected Explain if a statement describing the volume of cuboids is correct, using cuboids of no more than $24 \mathrm{~cm}^{\mathbf{3}}$.
Greater Depth Explain if a statement describing the volume of compound 3D shapes is correct, using compound 3D shapes of no more than $24 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.

## More Year 5 Volume resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to review it on our website.
la．Circle the cuboids that total the volume of liquid inside the container．

lb．Circle the cuboids that total the volume of liquid inside the container．

Prove it．
凪
aa．Find the odd one out by matching the shape to the correct volume．


Ba．Tyler is calculating the volume of his shape．


Is Tyler correct？Explain your answer．気

Lb．Find the odd one out by matching the shape to the correct volume．

| $6 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ |
| :---: |
| $8 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ |
| $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ |
| $12 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ |

A．


B．

C．


Explain your reasoning．瓦
Bb．Meera is calculating the volume of the shapes she has made．


Is Meera correct？Explain your answer．向

4a. Circle the cuboids that total the volume of liquid inside the container.


5a. Find the odd one out by matching the shape to the correct volume.


6a. Amina is calculating the volume of her shape.


Is Amina correct? Explain your answer.

4b. Circle the cuboids that total the volume of liquid inside the container.


5b. Find the odd one out by matching the shape to the correct volume.


6b. Finley is calculating the volume of the shapes he has made.


Is Finley correct? Explain your answer.

7a. Circle the 3D shapes that total the volume of liquid inside the container.


Prove it
A.

B.


D.


7b. Circle the 3D shapes that total the volume of liquid inside the container.


8a. Find the odd one out by matching the shape to the correct volume.

| $9 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ |
| :---: |
| $16 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ |
| $8 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ |
| $15 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ |



## B.

c.


Explain your reasoning. ab

8b. Find the odd one out by matching the shape to the correct volume.
$23 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$,

9a. Phoebe is calculating the volume of her shape.


Is Phoebe correct? Explain your answer.

9b. Patrick is calculating the volume of the shapes he has made.


Is Patrick correct? Explain your answer.

## Reasoning and Problem Solving

 What is Volume?
## Developing

1b. A + C + D. A has 12 cubes, C has 8 cubes and $D$ has 10 cubes. $12+8+10=$ 30.

2b. $6 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ is the odd one out because there is no cuboid that has this number of cubes.
3b. Yes. Both cuboids have a volume of $8 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{3}$

## Expected

4b. B + C + D. B has 18 cubes, C has 12 cubes and $D$ has 20 cubes. $12+18+20=$ 50.
$5 \mathrm{~b} .18 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ is the odd one out because there is no cuboid that has this number of cubes.
6b. No. Both cuboids have a volume of $18 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

## Greater Depth

7b. A + B + D. A has 23 cubes, B has 14 cubes and $D$ has 18 cubes. $23+14+18=$ 55.
$8 \mathrm{~b} .20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ is the odd one out because
$8 b .20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ is the odd one out because
there is no cuboid that has this number of cubes.
9b. No. The cuboid would be 4 cubes
9b. No. The cuboid would be 4 cubes
long, 2 cubes wide and 2 cubes high. Its volume would be $4 \times 2 \times 2=16 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
He need 8 more cubes.

## Greater Depth

7a. A + B + (C or D). A has 17 cubes, B has 21 cubes and $C$ and $D$ both have 7 cubes. $17+21+7=45$.
$8 \mathrm{a} .8 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ is the odd one out because there is no cuboid that has this number of cubes.
9a. Yes. By moving the top 2 cubes to the second layer she creates a cuboid that is $3 \times 3 \times 2=18 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.

## Developing

1a. A + C. A has 8 cubes and $C$ has 12 cubes. 8 + 12 = 20 .
$2 a .14 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ is the odd one out because there is no cuboid that has this number of cubes.
3a. No. By counting the faces he has counted some cubes more than once. There cuboid has a volume of $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

## Expected

4a. A + C + D. A has 12 cubes, C has 18 cubes and $D$ has 10 cubes. $12+18+10=$ 40.
$5 \mathrm{a} .16 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ is the odd one out because there is no cuboid that has this number of cubes.
6a. No. To find the volume you have to multiply the length by the width by the height. $6 \times 2 \times 2=24 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

## Reasoning and Problem Solving What is Volume?

